# School students' expectations for secondary education

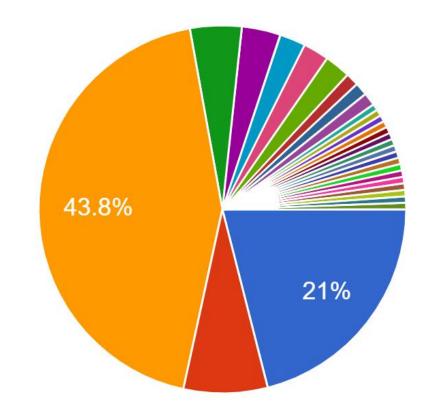
November 13th, 2020

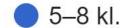


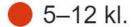
### Context

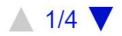
- 176 student body councils and Lithuanian school students' union board member respondents;
- The questions were based on material of Day 1 & 2 of the consultations.

### Klasės, kurios mokosi Jūsų mokykloje 176 responses



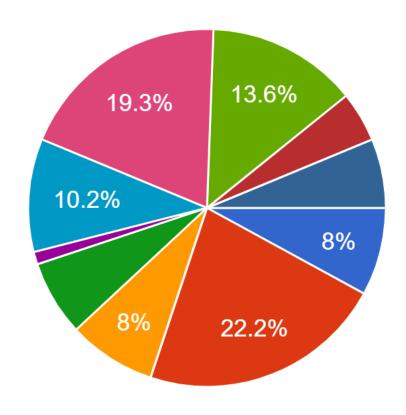






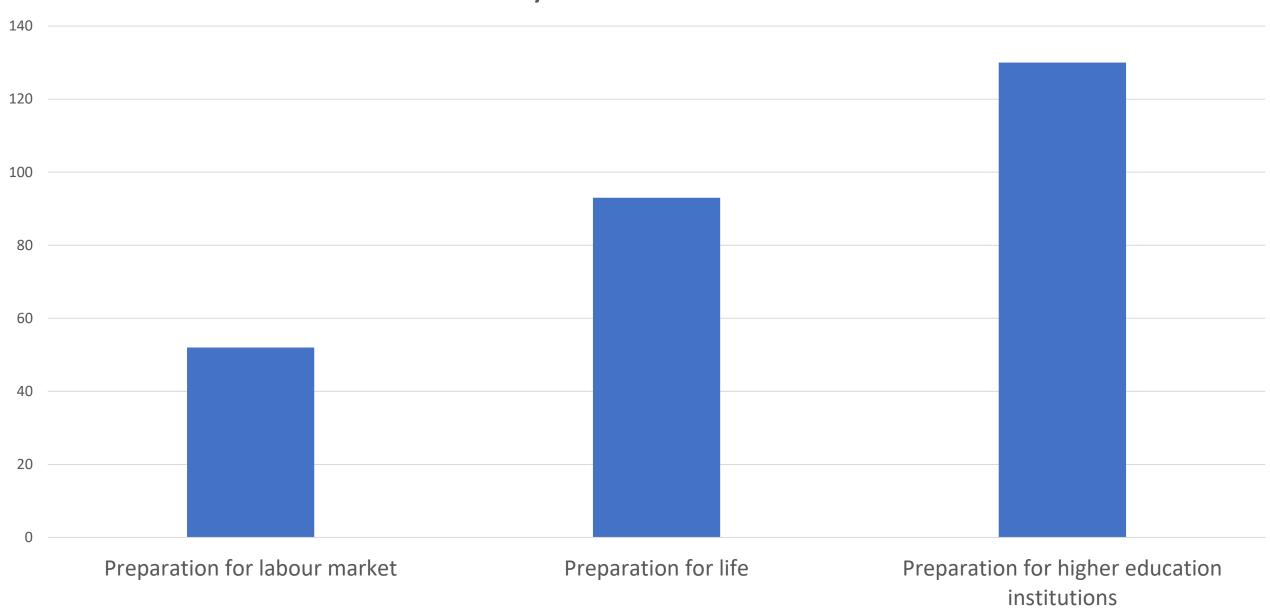
#### **Apskritis**

176 responses



- Alytaus
- Kauno
- Klaipėdos
- Marijampolės
- Panevėžio
- Šiaulių
- Tauragės
- Telšių
- ▲ 1/2 **▼**

### What, in your opinion, is/are the main function(s) of secondary education?



### Why do You think so?

Preparation for higher education institution:

- Existance of the mindset of studying in order to join a higher ed. Inst.;
- There is a need to study in a higher ed. Inst. in order to reach something in life.

Preparation for labour market:

- Career education;
- Better job prospects after secondary education.

Preparation for life:

- Emphasis of application of subjects in real life during classes;
- Students *should* be prepared for life, but not neccessarily *are*.

### What should be paid attention on in order to create secondary education of such function(s)?

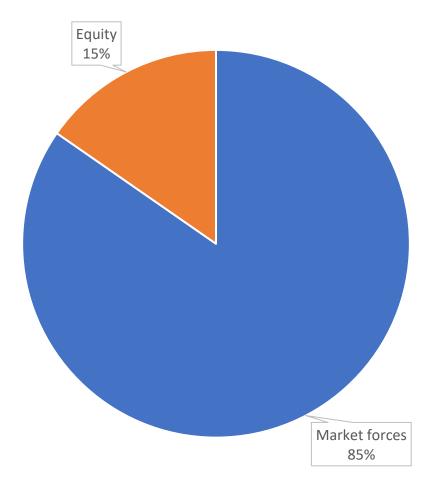
- Relevance of courses;
- Need of honest learning; (Un)importance of grades;
- Usefulness in real life, real life situations;
- Modern, inclusive education;
- Critical thinking;
- Real life application of course materials;
- Student and teacher motivation;
- Learning environment;
- Practical work;
- Interest and individuality of students;
- Financial literacy.

## Relevance of mega-trends in Lithuania's secondary education

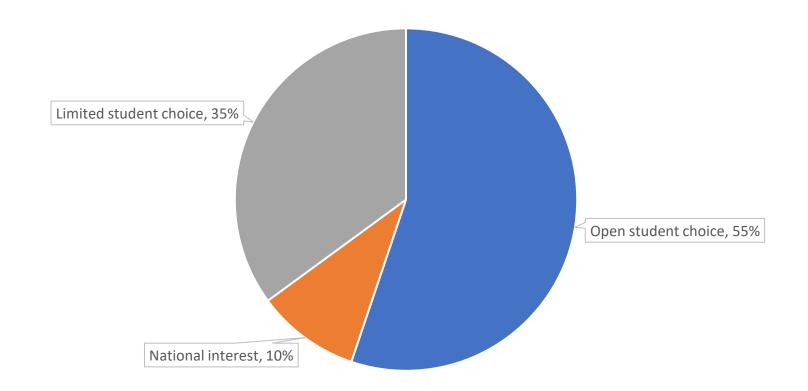
#### Mega-trends covered:

- Equity v Market forces;
- Student agency/Choice v National interest;
- Relevance;
- Deep learning (extended sessions);
- Differentiation course levels;
- Multiple Pathways;
- Retention;
- Blended academic & vocational courses;
- Micro-credentialling.

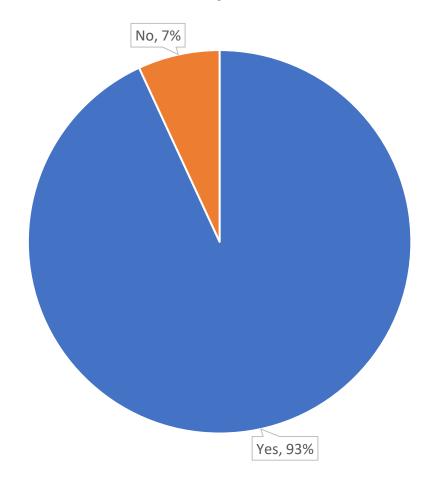
### What is more important: equity or Market forces?



### Which is more important: Student Agency/Choice or National Interest?



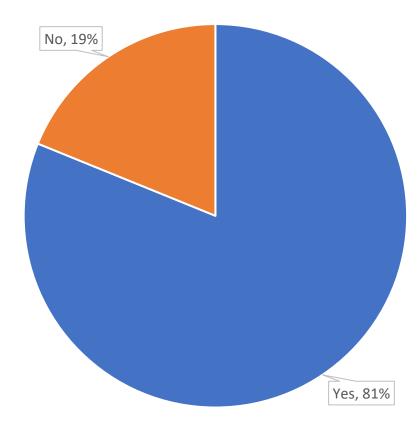
### Is relevance important to You?



## Which aspects of relevance are most important to You? Why?

- Practical use of theory (assessment not based on examinatinons but how one applies what has been learnt);
- Relevance in terms of future career interests;
- Clear and specific purpose of courses;

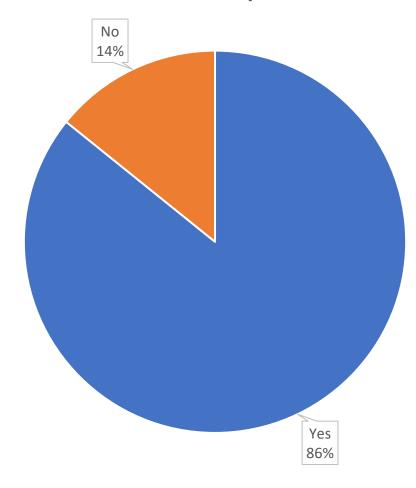
### Is deep learning important to you?



## What aspects of deep learning are most important to You? Why?

- Fewer subject areas in an individual student's program;
- Smaller classes;
- Smaller scope of classes;
- Timetables are based around extended periods of learning.

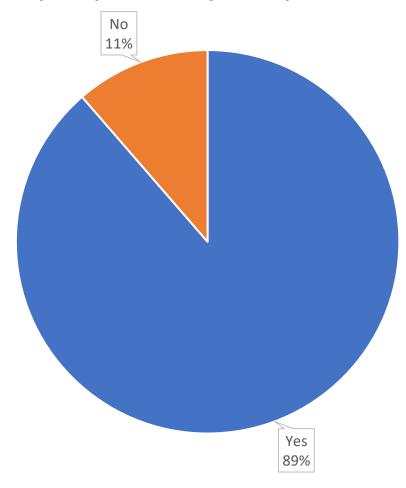
### Is differentiation important to You?



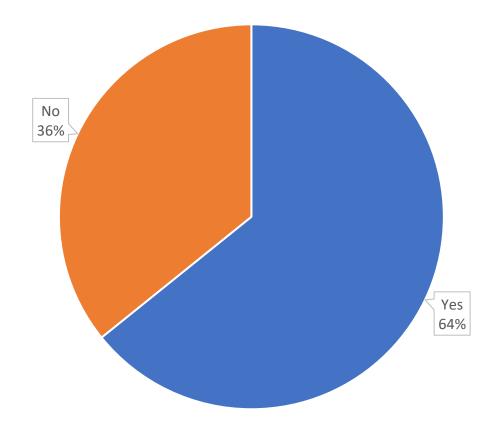
### Why do You think so?

- Every student is unique and their skills differ;
- Environment of equally interested/skilled students;
- Some students are just interested to broaden their general knowledge;

### Are multiple pathways important to You?



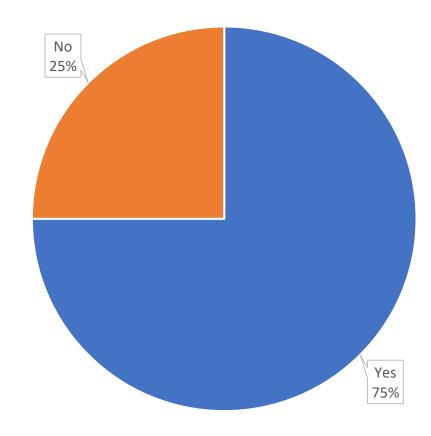
### Is retention important to You?



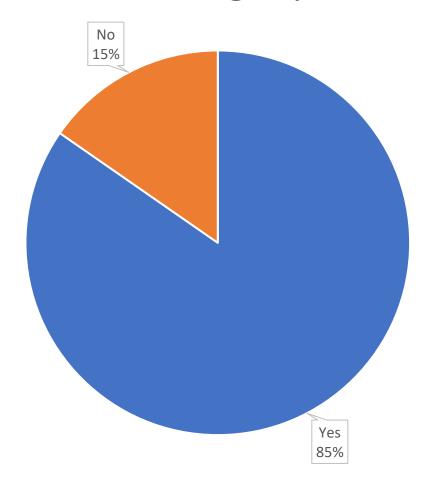
### Arguments for/against:

- No student should be made to stay in school against his wishes;
- Students, aged 16-17, oftentimes leave school without understanding the consequences of such actions;
- Recognition that there is a direct correlation between certification/qualifications and individual/national wellbeing.

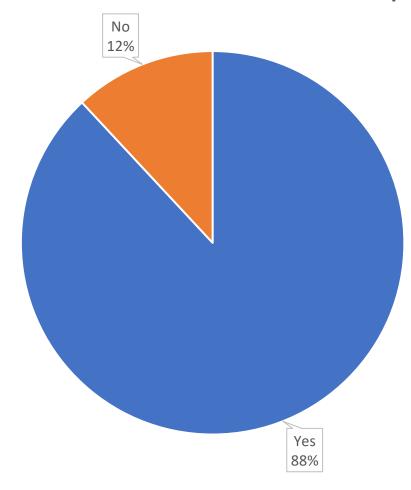
### Are blended academic & vocational courses important to You?



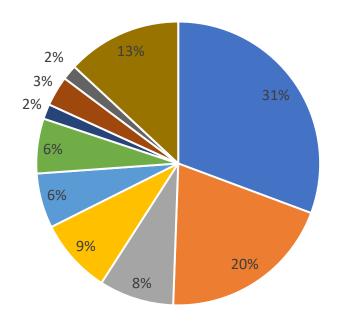
### Is Micro-credentialling important to You?



Is recognition of informal education important to You?



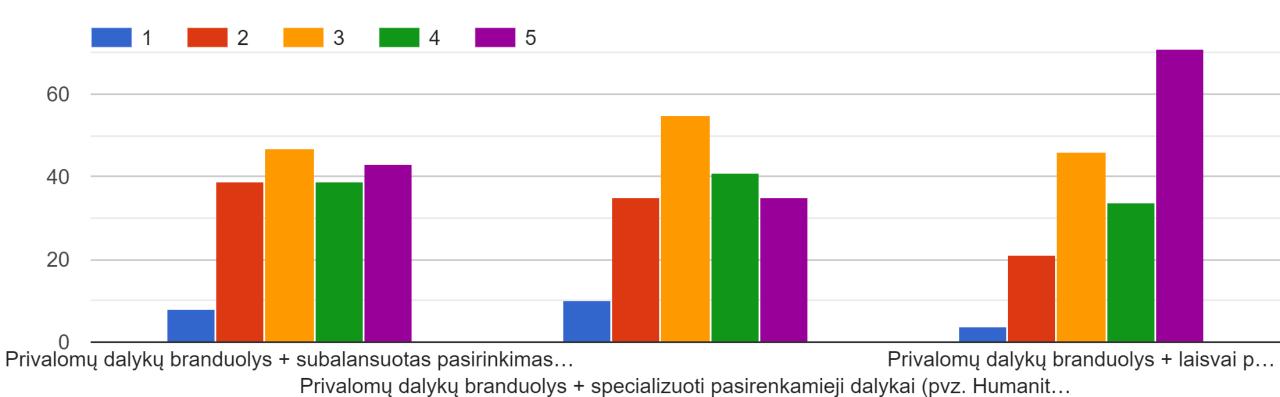
#### Which trend is the most important?



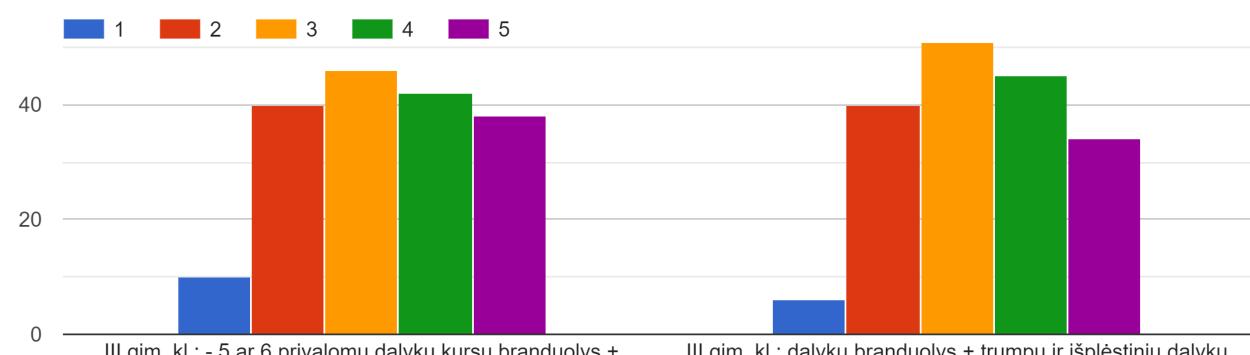
- Equity v Market forces;
- Relevance;
- Differentiation course levels;
- Retention;
- Micro-credentialling.

- Student agency/Choice v National interest;
- Deep learning (extended sessions);
- Multiple Pathways;
- Blended academic & vocational courses;
- Recognition of informal education

Kaip vertinate šiuos modelius, kur 11 ir 12 klasės yra lygiavertės? (Kitas modelis – 11 klasė yra įvadinė, o 12 – baigiamoji)



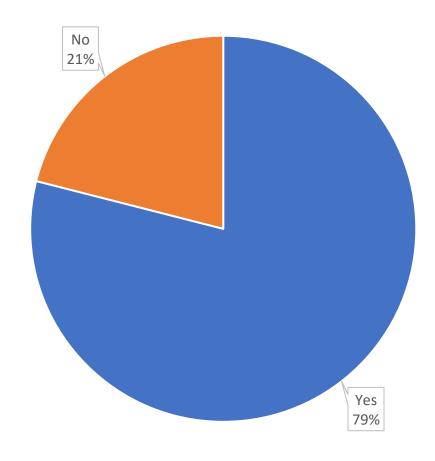
Kaip vertinate šiuos modelius, kur 11 klasė yra įvadinė, o 12 – baigiamoji?



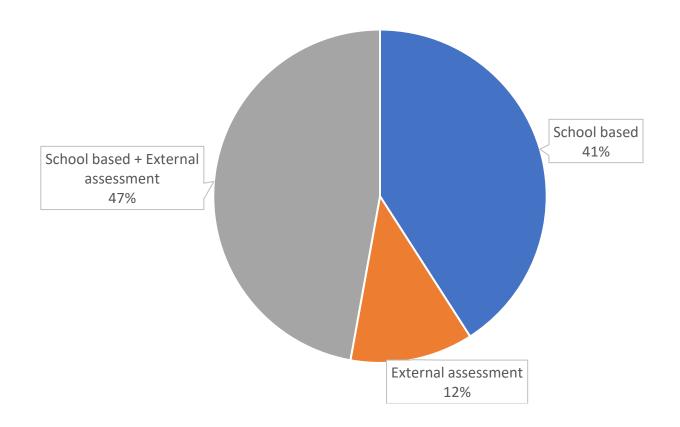
III gim. kl.: - 5 ar 6 privalomų dalykų kursų branduolys + siauresnės apimties pasirenkamų dalykų programos; IV gim. kl.: sumažintas dalykų kursų skaičius

III gim. kl.: dalykų branduolys + trumpų ir išplėstinių dalykų kursai; didesnis dalykų skaičius; IV gim. kl.: sumažintas dalykų kursų skaičius

Would the credits system be better than the current one?



#### Which assessment method do you prefer?



### Final notes

Time management; Freedom of choice; Practical work.

### Thank you for your attention & questions?

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